

Economic Outlook for the State of Florida

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Welcome and Introductions

- REMI models
- Big Picture: REMI Regional Growth Matrix
- Economic outlook
 - Short-term forecast
 - Long-term forecast
- Policy simulation



Model

Regional Economic Models, Inc. (REMI) was founded in 1980 on a transformative idea: government decision-makers should test the economic effects of their policies before they're implemented. We are the nation's leader in dynamic local, state and national policy modeling. Our clients use REMI models to perform rigorous economic analysis that critically influences local, state and national policies.

OUR CLIENTS:

Business Roundtable • Sandia National Laboratories • Ernst & Young • Texas Comptroller
University of Michigan • Tennessee Valley Authority • National Education Association
South Coast Air Quality Management District • Florida Legislature
North Carolina Department of Commerce • Wyoming Department of Administration & Information
California Environmental Protection Agency • U.S. Army Corps of Engineers



Florida State Economy

- 3rd-most populous state
- Large Cuban expatriate community and high population growth
- 4th-largest economy of any U.S. state
- The state's economy relies mainly on tourism, transportation, technology, finance, and aerospace

REMI Regional Growth Matrix: Economic & Demographic Factors



Economic Factors

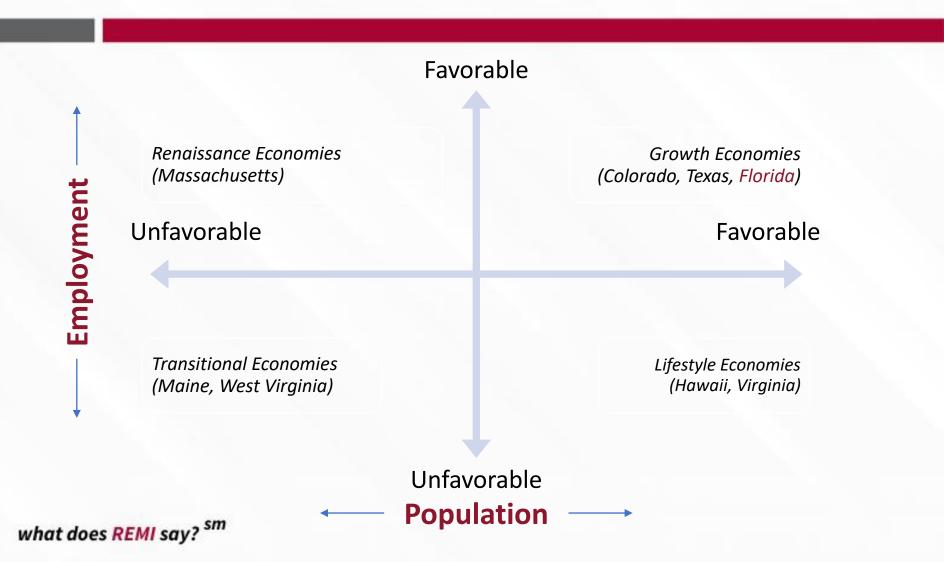
	Industry Growth	Industry Clusters	Pay	Productivity	Business Cost
Favorable	Growing	Strong	High-paid industries	High	Low
Unfavorable	Declining	Weak	Low-paid industries	Low	High

Demographic Factors

	Population Age	Retirees	Immigration	Amenities	Housing Cost
Favorable	Younger	Gains retirees	Immigration gateway	High	Low
Unfavorable	Older	Loses retirees	Low internat'l immigration	Low	High



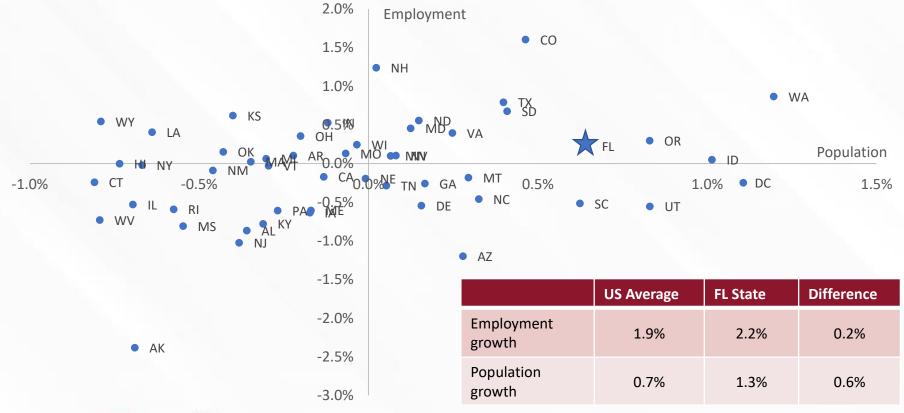
Regional Growth Matrix





Growth Matrix

Difference in Growth from US Average (2021-2022)





Data Sources

- Baseline (Standard National Control)
 - BLS Forecast Data
- Economic Forecast Update March 2021
 - 2019-2020 historical data from BEA
 - The U.S. Economic Outlook for 2020-2022 from the University of Michigan's Research Seminar in Quantitative Economics (RSQE)
 - An update to the Economics Outlook from CBO
 - Includes \$1.6 trillion out of \$1.9 trillion stimulus moved through Congress¹

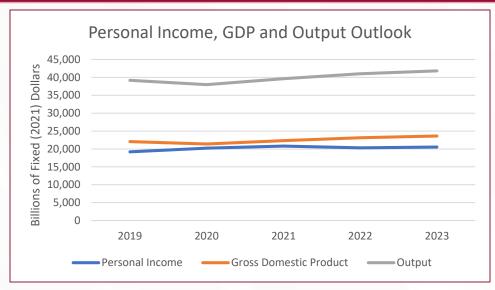


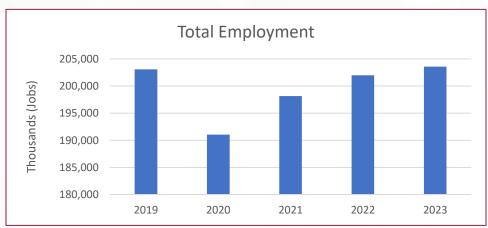
National Outlook



Short-Term Outlook: the U.S.

- Years 2019-2023
- Growth 2020-2021
 - Personal income (nominal dollars): 2.9%
 - GDP: 4.4%
 - Output: 4.4%
 - Employment: +7,099 thousand jobs

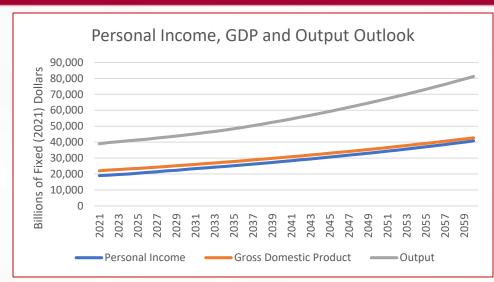


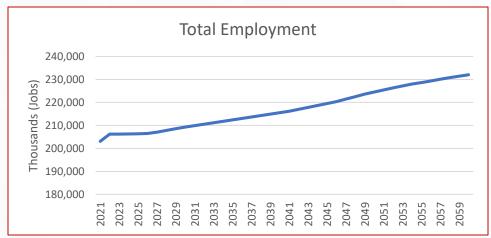




Long-Term Outlook: The U.S.

- Years 2021-2060
- Average growth / year
 - Personal income: 1.9%
 - GDP: 1.8%
 - Output: 1.9%
 - Total employment:
 +741 thousand jobs





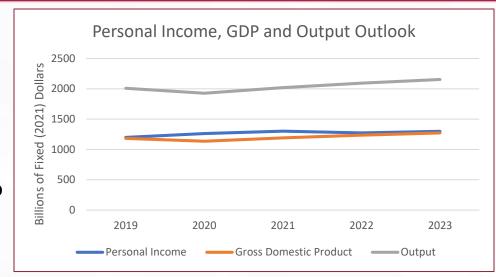


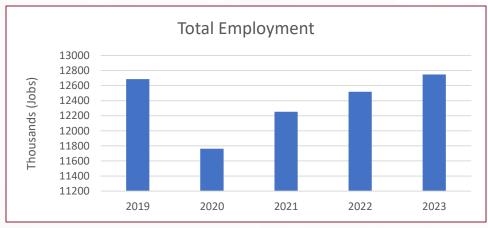
Regional Outlook: Florida

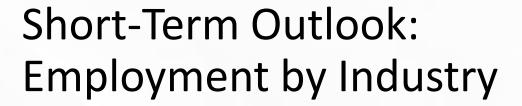


Short-Term Outlook: Florida

- Years 2019-2023
- Growth 2020-2021
 - Personal income (nominal dollars): 3.3%
 - GDP: 4.9%
 - Output: 4.8%
 - Employment: +490 thousand jobs
- Uncertainty

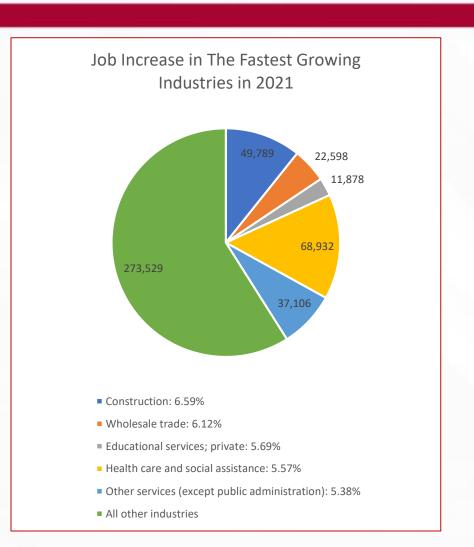








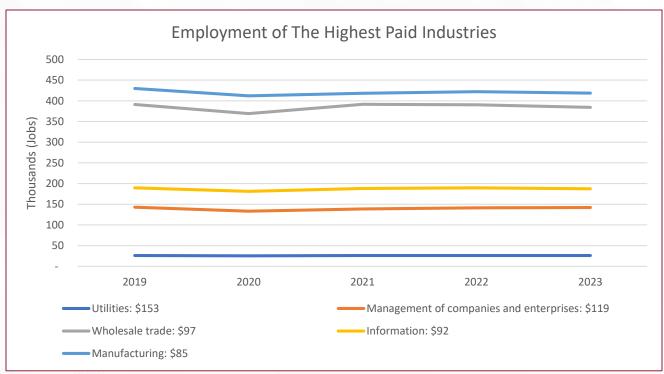
- Industries with largest employment growth rates in 2021
- 2020 2021: 190
 thousand jobs
 increasing in the top 5
 fast growing industries





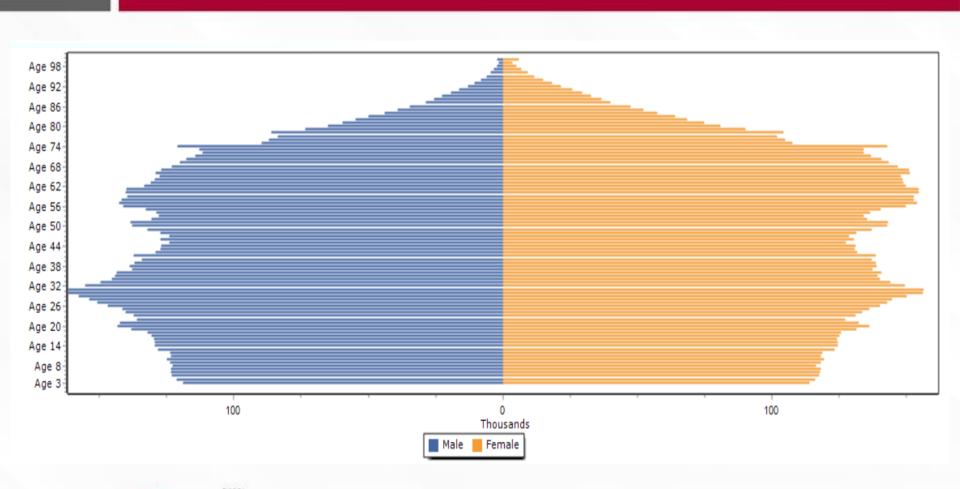
Short-Term Outlook: Employment by Industry

 Industries with highest average annual compensation rates in 2021



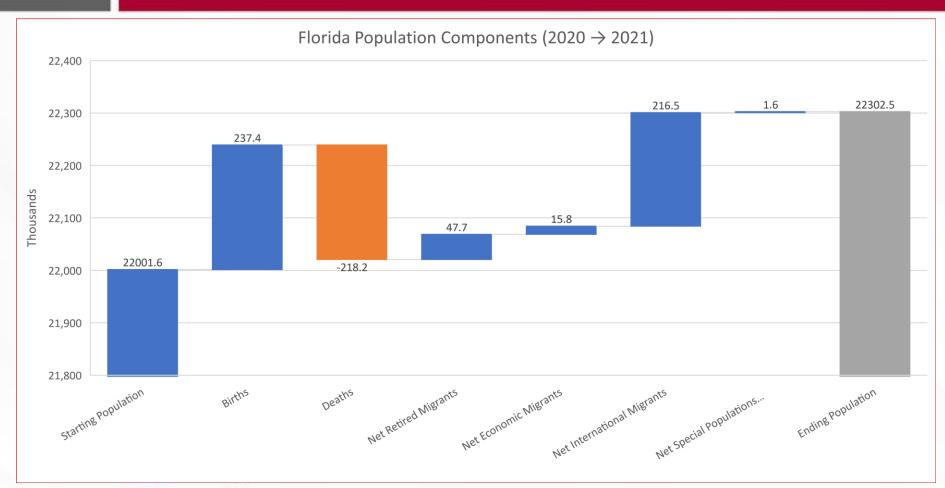


Short-Term Outlook: Population Pyramid (2021)











Retired Migrants Profile

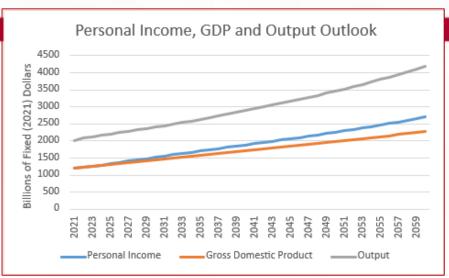
- Year 2021
- Net 47,722 retired migrants into Florida

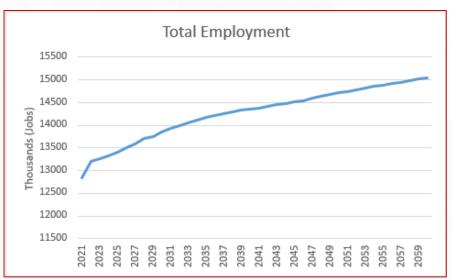


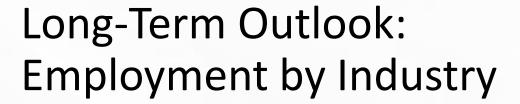


Long-Term Outlook: Florida

- Years 2021-2060
- Average growth / year
 - Personal income: 2.0%
 - GDP: 1.8%
 - Output: 1.9%
 - Total employment: +59 thousand jobs

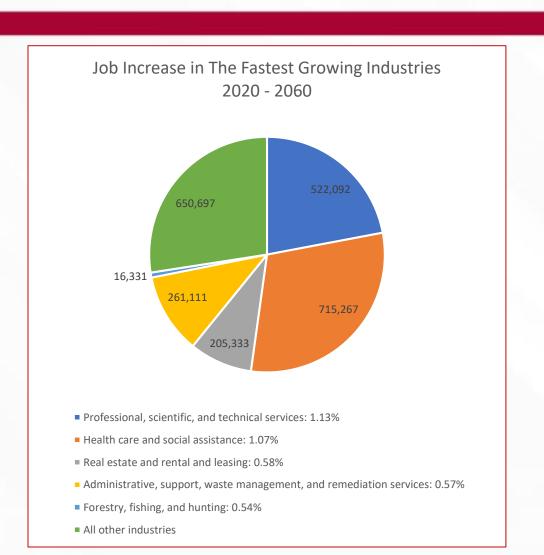








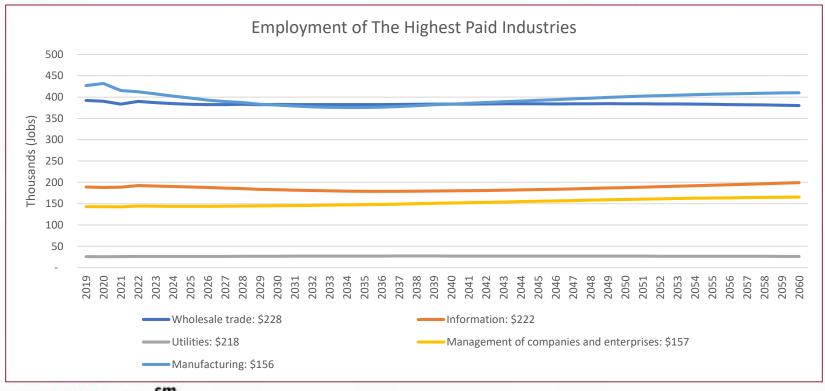
- Industries with fastest employment increasing
- 2020 2060: 1.7
 million jobs
 increasing in the
 top 5 fast growing
 industries





Long-Term Outlook: Employment by Industry

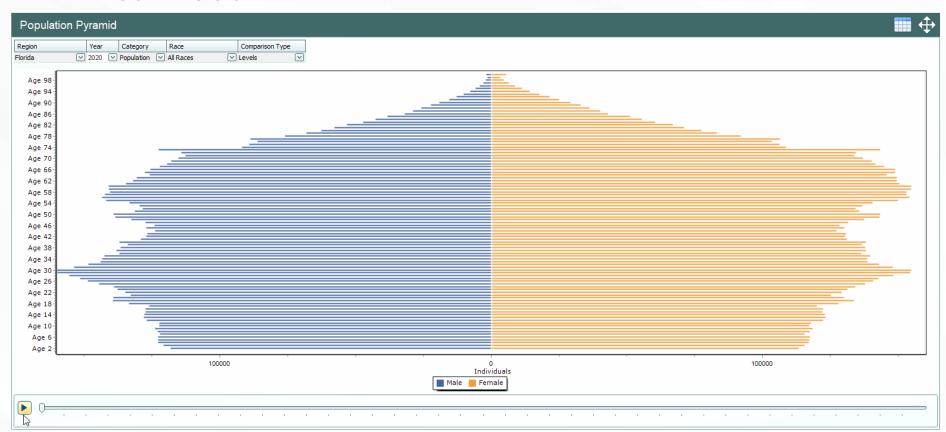
Employment of industries with highest average annual compensation rates in 2060

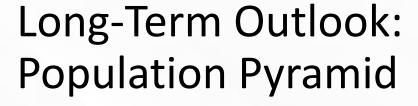






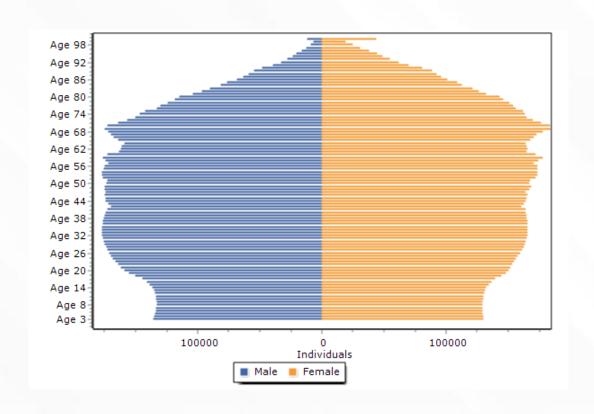
• Year 2060





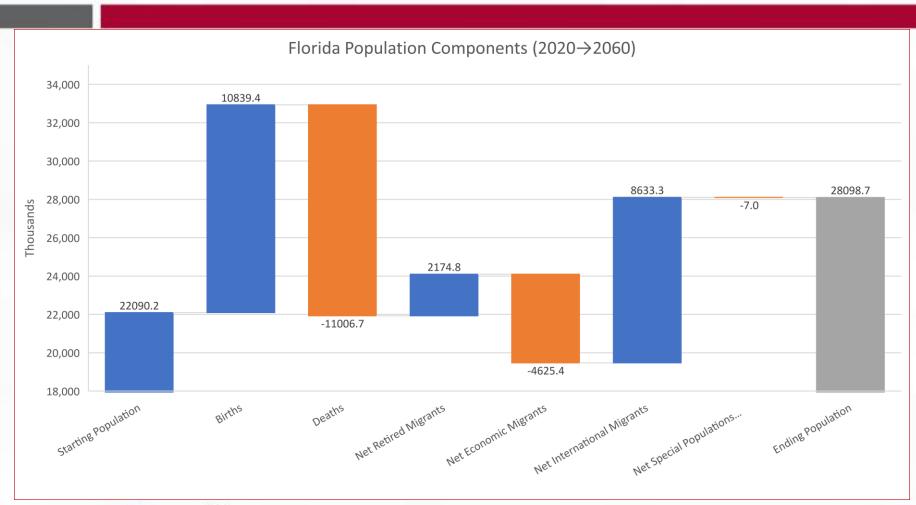


- Year 2060
- Near stationary
 - Low birth rates
 - High overall quality of life
 - Aging population





Population Components





Policy Simulation





- 2011: Space Shuttle *Atlantis* retired, taking 7,500 jobs²
- Now, renewed interest in space
 - Space Force, Perseverance, SpaceX
- Florida well suited for launches (open water, equatorial)
- Policy:
 - Increase employment (professional/technical services) by 7,500
 - Average annual pay of \$77,000 in 2008
 - Adjust compensation paid to reflect difference from REMI average
 - Tie pay to changes in price index



Conclusion

- Points to consider
 - Government policies
 - Cannibalization in the space sectors
- Economic forecasts can be difficult
 - The outbreak of COVID-19
 - The election of a new president
 - General uncertainty about the economy
- REMI can help
 - Forecasts: Macro modeling used to clarify, calculate, and communicate
 - Simulations: What-if scenarios
 - Dynamic results



Citations

- 1. Ehrlich, Gabriel M. "The U.S. Economic Outlook for 2021-2022 -- Executive Summary: February 2021." *College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, University of Michigan*, Research Seminar of Quantitative Economics, University of Michigan, 19 Feb. 2021, Isa.umich.edu/content/dam/econ-assets/Econdocs/RSQE%20PDFs/Exec Sum Feb 2021.pdf.
- 2. Guarine, Jonathan. "Economic Commentary The Economic Impact of a Rebounded and Revitalized Space Program on Florida's Space Coast." *Florida TaxWatch*, Florida TaxWatch, 23 Sept. 2020, floridataxwatch.org/Research/Full-Library/ArtMID/34407/ArticleID/18935/EC-SpaceCoast.



Q&A

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